

## GRAMERCY EMERGING MARKETS DEBT FUND

## **MONTHLY COMMENTARY**

Global market sentiment in November was dominated by United States (U.S.) politics, with Donald Trump emerging as victor of the much-anticipated U.S. Presidential election. Certain risk assets, including equities and Bitcoin, rallied as markets responded to a perceived increase in political clarity and anticipated policy impacts. The U.S. dollar also strengthened on the back of interest rate differentials and trade uncertainties. On the other hand, U.S. Treasuries continued their climb wider supported by prospects of higher Treasury issuance and more hawkish comments by Chair Powell where he stated that there is growing uncertainty regarding Federal Reserve cuts in December. By mid-month, U.S. Treasuries saw the 10-year note rise to the highest yield since July at 4.45%. During the second half of the month, however, market-friendly Trump appointments to key economic posts calmed markets and Treasury yields reversed their decline with the 10-year note ending the month at 4.17%, 12 basis points (bps) tighter than the prior month.

In terms of return streams, all Emerging Markets (EM) hard currency fixed income sub asset classes had good results during the month of November. EM hard currency sovereigns, as represented by the EMBI Global Diversified Index, and EM hard currency corporates, as represented by the CEMBI Broad Diversified Index, returned 1.18% and 0.60%, respectively during the month. EM hard currency high yield sovereigns, represented by the JP Morgan EMBI Global Diversified HY Index, had the best performance, returning +1.81% in November. For EM hard currency corporates, the performance across investment grade and high yield was the same. In contrast, EM local currency sovereigns, as represented by the GBI-EM Global Diversified Index, returned -0.57% during the month, reflecting greater global tariff policy uncertainty.

During the month of November, performance benefitted from our underweight allocation to the EM local currency sovereign sub asset class, which was negatively impacted by the stronger U.S. dollar. The portfolio also benefited from our tactical exposure to Ukraine hard currency sovereign bonds, which rallied amidst expectations that Trump would lead to a relatively swift resolution of the conflict. Other contributors to performance included our overweight exposure to high yield corporates in South Africa and Brazil. These factors were partially offset by the Fund's underweight positioning in certain sovereigns in Latin America, including Argentina and Peru, as well as by our opportunistic positioning in certain local currencies which have sold off considerably and are starting to look very attractive.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Index performance is not indicative of fund performance. For current standardized performance of the Fund, please see the Fact Sheet, the Fund's website, or call 800-207-7108.

## **IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES**

Before investing you should carefully consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. This and other information about the Fund is in the prospectus and summary prospectus, a copy of which may be obtained by calling 800-207-7108 or by visiting the Fund's website at <a href="www.libertystreetfunds.com">www.libertystreetfunds.com</a>. Please read the Fund's prospectus or summary prospectus carefully before investing.

An investment in the Fund is subject to risk, including the possible loss of principal amount invested and including, but not limited to, the following risk, which are more fully described in the prospectus: Market Risk: the market price of a security may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular issuer, company, or asset class. Fixed income/interest rate: generally, fixed income securities decrease in value in interest rates rise, and increase in value if interest rates fall. Foreign investment: the prices of foreign securities may be more volatile than the prices of securities of U.S. Issuers because of economic and social conditions abroad, political developments, changes in the regulatory environments of foreign countries, and changes in U.S. laws regarding such countries. Emerging Markets: many of the risks with respect to foreign investments are more pronounced for investments in issuers in developing or emerging market countries. Emerging market countries tend to have more government exchange controls, more volatile interest and currency exchange rates, less market regulation, and less developed and less stable economic, political and legal systems than those of more developed countries. High Yield ("Junk") Bond: involve greater risk of default, downgrade, or price declines, can be more volatile and less liquid than investment-grade securities. Tredit: if an issuer or guarantor of a debt security held by the Fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the Fund defaults or is downgraded or is perceived to be less creditivorthy, the value of the Fund's portfolio will typically decline. Convertible Securities: are subject to market and interest rate risk and credit risk. Contingent Convertible Securities: subject to the risk of a triggering event occurring which may result in the issuer converting the security to an equity interest, cancelling interest payments, or writing down the principal value of such securitie

The JPM Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified (EMBI Global Diversified) is a uniquely weighted USD-denominated emerging markets sovereign index. It has a diversified allocation scheme which allows a more even distribution of weights among the countries in the index. The JPM Corporate Emerging Market Bond Index (CEMBI) Broad Diversified is a comprehensive USD-denominated corporate emerging markets bond index, with broad issuer coverage (including small and short-dated bonds) and a diversified weighting scheme. The JPMGBI-EM Global Diversified version is a comprehensive global emerging markets index of local government bond debt offering a diversified weighting scheme and broad country coverage. One cannot invest directly in an index.

Basis Point is one hundredth of 1 percentage point. Interest Rate is the proportion of a loan that is charged as interest to the borrower, typically expressed as an annual percentage of the loan outstanding.

The views expressed in this material reflect those of the Fund's Sub-Advisor as of the date this is written and may not reflect its views on the date this material is first published or anytime thereafter. These views are intended to assist in understanding the Fund's investment methodology and do not constitute investment advice. This material may contain discussions about investments that may or may not be held by the Fund. All current and future holdings are subject to risk and to change.

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